St Edward's Catholic Primary School

Investors in Pupils Action Plan 2021/2022

Targets	Evidence	What this means in practice (plan, do, review)	Outcomes and Impact
Vision statements To create class/group statements which are developed by its members and define its aims.	 Pupils and adults have agreed a joint vision for what they would like their class/group to be like. Pupils can describe how the class vision is supported by class/group targets and personal targets. 		Effectiveness of leadership and management - leaders and governors have created a culture of high expectations, aspirations and scholastic excellence in which the highest achievement in academic and vocational work is recognised as vitally important. Personal development, behaviour and welfare - Pupil Voice – pupils feel empowered and take ownership over their targets.

Class/group targets Pupils create targets which are developed by the members of each class/ group.	with pupils. Class/group one of th Investors appropriate Members class/group recorded, d Class/group reviewed regularly. Achievement targets recognised/ Pupils can of successf class/ group reasons fo targets.	targets is agreed targets addreader in Pupils, whe have agreed h targets will isplayed or share targets a and chang nt of class/gro /rewarded. describe examp ul and unsuccess up targets and to r this. class/gro explain how th	ed ess of ere be d. are ged bup is les sful the pup	targets are r	targets easurable, time-based as a group want to focu- noose them decide how progress. a team pho res of the embers. eviewed ar frequent oughout the	are clear, achievable, (SMART). which of the us on. es for target boards can Pupils may tograph and e reward to Class/group nd members tly targets year.	Quality of tea and assessiviews of the undertaken, will learned from experience of learning over the Personal behaviour and views different express, their others' behavious towards the understanding importance of sischool and additional school and additional	ment - pup work they h vhat they h it and they f teaching a ime. developme and welfare groups of pu experience our and attitu m and the of such attribute	pils, ave ave heir and ent, pils of des heir the
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Individual targets All pupils have identified and agreed a personal target with a staff member.	 A process for developing personal targets is agreed with pupils. Personal targets may be noncurricular based. Members have agreed how personal targets will be recorded, displayed or shared. Personal targets are reviewed regularly. Achievement of personal targets is recognised and rewarded. Pupils can describe examples of successful and unsuccessful personal targets and the reasons for this. 	 Pupils are offered support to help them prioritise which area of Investors in Pupils they want/need to focus on. Pupils can choose themes for target boards and decide how boards can demonstrate progress. Pupils agree whether they want to be identified by name/ photograph or remain anonymous. Pupils may prefer to record targets in planners and discuss progress with staff/circle time 	Quality of teaching, learningand assessmentpupils' views of the work- pupils' views of the workundertaken,what they have learned from it and their experienceexperienceof teachingeachingand learning over time.Personal development, behaviour and welfare - Pupil Voice Pupils feel empowered and take ownership over their targets.
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Rewards Pupils to negotiate rewards and ways to recognise success.	 Pupils voice has influenced the existing reward system in school. Pupils have reviewed what works and what does not work. Pupils have identified which approaches motivate members to achieve and suggested new or alternative ways to recognise and reward achievement of Investors in Pupils targets. Pupils can give examples of how their class/group/personal target has been rewarded or recognise for targets. achieving class/group and personal 	 targets by creating competitions between classes or tutor groups and rewarding the winning class/ group and/or most improved class/group. For personal targets, pupils need to negotiate Pupils need to decide what happens when members of the class/group do not meet their personal targets. Staff need to support pupils to review on a regular basis whether the rewards and incentives they have used are working. Suggest ways in which rewards can be motivating including looking at other classes or 	Quality of teaching, learning and assessment - pupils' views of the work they have undertaken, what they have learned from it and their experience of teaching and learning over time Personal development, behaviour and welfare - views different groups of pupils express, their experience of others' behaviour and attitudes towards them, and their understanding of the importance of such attributes in school and adult life
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Induction All new pupils, staff and visitors have an effective induction to classes	 The school has an induction policy for all new pupils and members of staff. Each class/group has developed induction materials to welcome new members (pupils/staff/visitors). New staff members/pupils can describe a positive 'induction' to the class. 	 One of the first class/group targets is to create an effective induction booklet/pack/ DVD or presentation for new members. Group members agree on aims of an induction pack/booklet. Group members discuss and agree the most appropriate content, format and style of the induction materials with supporting adult /teacher. Group members decide and agree a list of tasks which pupils will do, what and by when. 	Effectiveness of leadership and management Leaders and governors have created a culture of high expectations, aspirations and scholastic excellence in which the highest achievement in academic and vocational work is recognised as vitally important.
	 New class members can describe the class/ group vision and process for setting targets. 	 Induction materials are trialled on new members of staff, pupils and parents. Pupils review or amendments are necessary. 	Personal development, behaviour and welfare New members of staff, visitors and new pupils are welcomed into the school and are confident with the rules and routines. Pupils feel they have a voice that is listened to.

Staff Development - Pupils can describe how the development of supporting adults has a positive impact on pupils, staff and the school community.	Pupils can describe how supporting adults continually undergo training and how this benefits the class or group.	 Pupils understand the concept of lifelong learning. Pupils have the opportunity to reflect and review whether new strategies or approaches, new policies or school council structure are working or if they could be improved. Staff share with pupils what training they have – this could be done in class and assemblies. Pupils and parents are able to approach relevant teachers, subject leaders and SLT members to seek advice. Overall Effectiveness How well leaders ensure that the school has motivated, respected and effective teaching staff to deliver high quality education for all pupils. Deliver challenging and exciting lessons, raise attainment and achieve accelerated progress.
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Individual Needs Class members understand that every pupil is unique and receives support to meet their individual needs.	 Pupils understand how everyone learns differently. Pupils can explain how and why there are different levels of support for learners. Pupils can describe how supporting adults have helped them to reach their full potential. 	 Pupils are aware of each other's different needs and support each other with tasks and activities. 	learning and assessment Pupils' views of the work they have undertaken, what they have learned from it and their experience of teaching and learning over time is valued.
			and cultural development Celebrate cultural diversity and develop SMSC throughout the school.

Staff Contribution Pupils understand the different roles and responsibilities of supporting adults and how they contribute to their learning and help them to achieve.	 Pupils understand and can describe the roles and responsibilities of different members of staff (teaching and support), Governors and parents. Pupils understand and can describe how different adults and staff members support their individual, personal and social development. Parents/carers understand their role in supporting their children to reach their targets. 	 Staff share staffing structure with their class/group and agree with staff members what the group would like to and need to learn more about. Pupils decide how they want to find out more e.g. write letter to invite in to class, interview, create job description or film a group discussion with staff members. Pupils record findings and share with other classes e.g. assembly, display or include in induction booklet. Staff jointly review this process on an annual basis with pupils to ensure pupils understand how different adults can support them with different aspects of school life. The school informs parents about Investors in Pupils through newsletters, website, displays, etc. Staff review Investors in Pupils targets at parents evenings and send home regularly. 	EffectivenessofleadershipandmanagementLeaders and governorshave created a culture ofhighexpectations,aspirations and scholasticexcellence in which thehighestachievement inacademic and vocationalwork is recognised asvitally important.Parents have an activerole in assisting theirchild's learning anddevelopment through staffintervention.Personal development,behaviour and welfareThe schools' engagementwith parents, carers andemployers helps them tounderstand how childrenand learners are doing inrelation to the standardsand behaviour expectedand what they need to doto improve on.
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Individual Roles Pupils understand their individual roles and responsibilities in the class/group and the contribution they make to the school community.	 Pupils are committed to the class/group vision. Pupils are involved in reviewing school behaviour policy and class rules. Pupils can describe their role in meeting class/group targets and how they support others to meet class/group targets. Pupils can describe how they make a contribution to the school community. 	 Classes/groups decide to produce job descriptions for all class members roles e.g. energy monitor. Class/group members understand the concept of being a positive role model and representing their school. Pupils can describe the characteristics of a model/ ideal pupil e.g. friendly, considerate, respectful, motivated etc. Pupils may share examples of how they respect their school equipment and buildings, turn lights off, recycle materials and don't drop litter. Pupils may share how they are kind and supportive to younger members of the school, reported bullying or volunteer to help on school open days. 	Effectiveness of leadership and management Leaders and governors promote all forms of equality and foster greater understanding of and respect for people of all faiths (and those of no faith), races, genders, ages, disability and sexual orientations (and other groups with protected characteristics), through their words, actions and influence within the school and more widely in the community. SMSC development of pupils at the school Celebrate the cultural diversity of the school and British Values through a range of events. Personal development, behaviour and welfare Provide and encourage a pupil
			voice that is listened to and valued. Peer mediators in Upper KS2.

Pupil Opportunities All pupils have the opportunity to take on additional roles and responsibilities in the school.Pupils can describe how members of the Pupil Pupils report that elections are fair and can describe benefits of an effective school council Pupils can describe how of pupils can describe how on an additional tresponsibilities can describe how or and actice. The majority of pupils report having taken on an additional time at the school.Pupils can describe how of and effective school council Pupils can describe how or and additional time at the school.Pupils can describe how or and additional time at the school.Effectiveness of leadership and govenors have created a culture of high expectations.Pupils can describe how or an additional time at the school.Pupils can describe how or an additional time at the school.Pupils report having taken on an additional time at the school.Pupils can describe how or an additional time at the school.Pupils report having taken on additional time at the school.Pupils report having taken on an additional to the standards expected and what they need to do to improve.Pupils report having taken on an additional roles and responsibility/role during theirPupils report having taken on and additional roles and responsibility.Pupils report having taken on the school tor guides, anti-bullying and suggesting any new posts of responsibility. Staff should involve pupils in reviewing existing roles
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Pupil Voice All pupils feel they have the opportunity to express their opinions and have a say in decisions that affect them.	 Pupils can describe a range of different ways the school seeks their opinions. Pupils can describe a range of different issues/topics that they have been asked to give their opinion on. Pupils can describe how they or other pupils have influenced decisions made by the school that affect them. Pupils can explain how they have shaped their learning. 	 Pupils have a regular opportunity to share their ideas, issues or problems with class/form council representatives. Ideas/thoughts are shared through suggestion/comment/worry boxes or other forms of communication managed by the school council. Pupils may have used surveys/feedback sheets to find out what pupils think on specific issues e.g. bullying, after school clubs, school meals etc. analysing resulting data to inform decision making. Pupils may be involved in reviewing their class timetable, the curriculum or undertaking lesson observations. Pupils may be responsible for writing a page of the school newsletter or a section of the school website. 	behaviour and welfare - the views of different groups of pupils express their experience of others' behaviour and attitudes towards them and their understanding of the importance of such attributes in school and adult life. Pupil Voice – children feel confident in voicing their

Pupil Feedback • All pupils feel listened to • and effective feedback strategies are in place.	feedback on school council minutes from staff or Governors.	 Schools schedule meetings so that updates and feedback from staff and Governors is quick and up to date. Class representatives/subject ambassadors provide regular updates and opportunities for pupils to make suggestions and raise issues. Examples are likely to include suggestions that were taken forward and approved and those that were rejected. Pupils need to understand the decision making process and the reasons why some ideas are not possible. School council minutes can be uploaded to the schools learning platform, enabling Governors, staff and pupils to access them easily. Suggestions boxes are regularly checked and how staff/pupils respond to suggestions and feedback to pupils. Pupils and staff may have developed surveys either paper based or online. Pupils receive feedback on findings and are informed of the changes that will/have taken place as a result of this information. 	Quality of teaching, learning and assessment Pupils' views of the work they have undertaken, what they have learned from it and their experience of teaching and learning over time. Pupil Voice and Outcomes Children are aware of issues in the school and feel confident in expressing their point of view. Feedback is effective and pupils feel that they are listened to.
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Budget & Finance Pupils have A financial understanding of money, budgeting and resource costs within school.	 cost money. Key Stage One pupils should know what the everyday items in the 	 Pupils learn about the cost and range of resources available to them by pricing up equipment for the school. Pupils responsible for budgeting for, and choosing, new equipment/furniture etc., to promote greater ownership. Pupils interview a variety of staff to learn about ways to save money e.g. turning off lights, reusing scrap paper, composting, etc. School council is assigned a budget, alternatively budgets can be allocated to classes. Pupils may be involved in enterprise activities planning events or setting up a school business. that develop their financial understanding e.g. 	Effectiveness of leadership and management Leaders and governors have created a culture of high expectations, aspirations and scholastic excellence in which the highest achievement in academic and vocational work is recognised as vitally important. Teaching and Learning Support in raising Maths attainment and developing lifelong skills for managing money and recording a budget. Preparation for adult life and the world of work. Personal development, behaviour and welfare Provide a pupil voice that is listened to and valued.
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Governance Pupils understand the role of governance.	 Pupils should be aware of the role of Governors. Key Stage One pupils should know that Governors do not get paid and that they help the Head teacher make decisions. Key Stage Two pupils need to be aware that there are different types of Governors in school. They also need to be aware of the roles that Governors fulfil such as: set the overall school budget help decide the priorities for the school's development plan deal with complaints about the school Pupils are aware of the different types of Governors. 	council and school counciliors to feed-	Effectiveness of leadership and management whether leaders and governors have created a culture of high expectations, aspirations and scholastic excellence in which the highest achievement in academic and vocational work is recognised as vitally important. Outcomes for pupils Governors will continue to be effective in strategic decision making
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